10. Z.T. Wellington House, 313 Main St.
11. Murphy House, 401 Main St.
12. Paul Ambrose Trail for Health
13. Guyandotte Methodist Church
15. Site of the former home of 1950s TV star Dagmar, 222 Guyan St.
16. George Milliron’s Grocery Store, 128 Bridge St.
17. Murphy’s Drug Store, 201 Main St.
20. Warth House, 207 Water St.
22. Page House, 102 Richmond St.
23. Crawley Hotel, 307 Water St.

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**Downtown Guyandotte Walking Tour**

1. First Guyandotte Baptist Church, 219 Richmond St.
2. Masonic Temple, 222 Richmond St.
3. Keenan House, 234 Main St.
4. Roseberry House, 240 Main St.
5. Hysell House, 302 Main St.
6. Guyandotte United Methodist Church, 305 Main St.
7. McCune House, 304 Main St.
8. Aunt Em Taylor House, 306 Main St.
9. Frueet-Hennsen House, 313 Main St.
10. Z. T. Wellington House, 416 Main St.
11. Murphy House, 401 Main St.
12. Paul Ambrose Trail for Health
13. Guyandotte Methodist Church Cemetery, located along 5th Avenue.
15. Site of the former home of 1950s TV star Dagmar, 222 Guyan St.
16. George Milliron’s Grocery Store, 128 Bridge St.
17. Murphy’s Drug Store, 201 Main St.
18. Buffington-McGinnis House, 101 Main St.
20. Warth House, 207 Water St.
22. Page House, 102 Richmond St.
23. Crawley Hotel, 307 Water St.

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Another early 1900 Victorian home with a gambrel roof is the Page House. The house has a variety of window shapes, a porch roof, bay and upper-story shingles that characterize a shingle style of architecture. Mr. Page, who owned a grocery store, built the home on the site of the Bukley House Inn.

This building was built about 1900. It was formerly Fry’s Hotel, then became a drug store owned by J.H. Page and later by James Murphy.

At the light on Bridge Street, cross the street, taking a left onto Main Street toward the river.

Turn back towards Richmond Street, and turn left on Richmond Street.

At the light on Bridge Street, cross the street, taking a left onto Water Street.

Take a right onto Water Street.

Half way down the block take a right (between 10th and 11th Avenues) to the Beale House. Built in 1855 by Jacob Hiltbruner, a tinner. It later became the Jacob Hiltbruner Hotel, where many social events took place. It was used as a hospital during the Civil War. William “Crawley” Smith owned and operated the house as an inn after 1867. After 1900, the hotel became an apartment building. The house was moved back on the lot when the floodwall was built. In recent years, the building was rehabilitated by its owners, Karen and Johnny Nance.

This home was built in 1905 and owned by Judge Henry Clay Warth. Warth sat on the bench of the Cabell County Circuit Court for 13 years. He served on the Board of Directors of the Guyandotte Methodist Church.

This building was built about 1900. It was formerly Fry’s Hotel, then became a drug store owned by J.H. Page and later by James Murphy.

At the light on Bridge Street, cross the street, taking a left onto Main Street toward the river.

This home was built around 1908 by John Beale, a local businessman and historian who promoted the Guyandotte Centennial Celebration in 1910. The house is an excellent example of late Victorian, Queen Anne style architecture. Mr. Beale and his family owned the property. In addition, the home served as the headquarters for the Union Army during the Civil War and some say the headquarters of General Jenkins.

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Guyandotte was built in a replies 1858, as a private gallery to house slaves, was built in 1858. In 1867, the building was burned down and rebuilt on the same foundation after the fire.

Guyandotte was the home of Collis P. Huntington. He was a famous railroad magnate and later became a senator. The building is now a museum and includes exhibits related to Huntington.

Another important building in Guyandotte is the Huntington Paranormal Investigations & Historical Society headquarters. This building serves as a museum and research center for paranormal activity and history.

The Huntington Civil War Days festival is held in Guyandotte every October, attracting visitors from all over the region. The festival includes reenactments, tours, and other events that showcase the town's Civil War history.

Guyandotte is home to the Guyandotte Methodist Church, which was founded in 1830. The church has a long history and is known for its architecture, which reflects the Victorian style of the late 19th century.

One of the most important people to come from Guyandotte is Al Jolson, a famous vaudeville performer and actor. He was born in 1886 and grew up in the town, where he first started his acting career.

Guyandotte is also home to the Huntington Gratitude Park, which was established in 1994. The park honors the contributions of the town's residents and is a popular destination for visitors.

Located at the confluence of Ohio and Guyandotte rivers ..., was built in 1858. In 1867, the building was burned down and rebuilt on the same foundation after the fire.

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